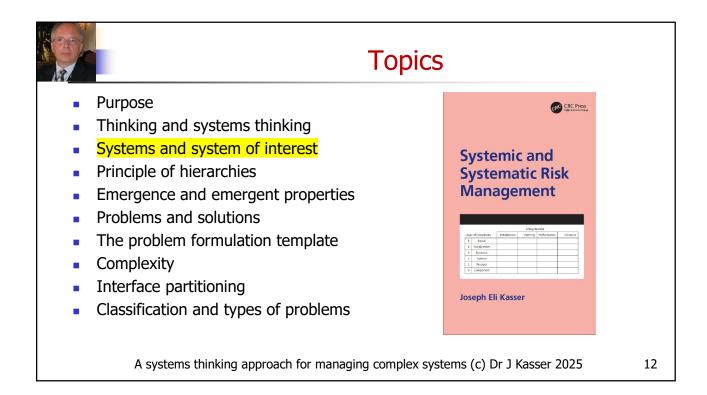
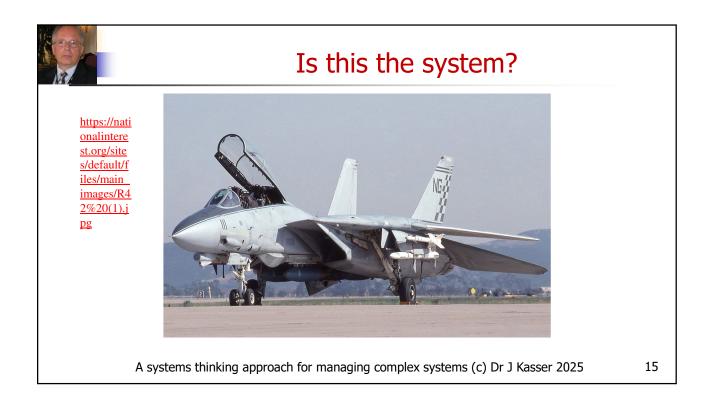
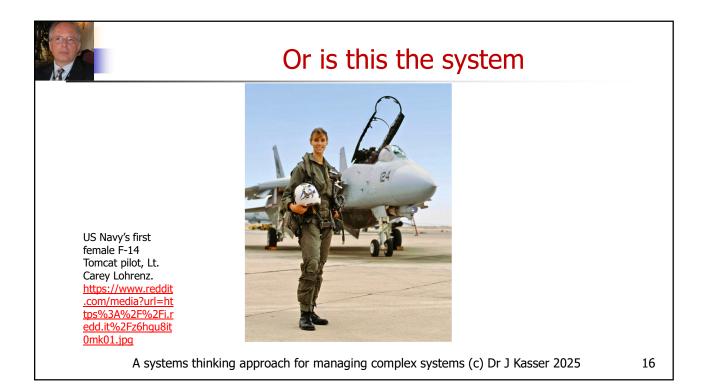
A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems Session 2 of 6 Systems and System of Interest Version 1.0.2

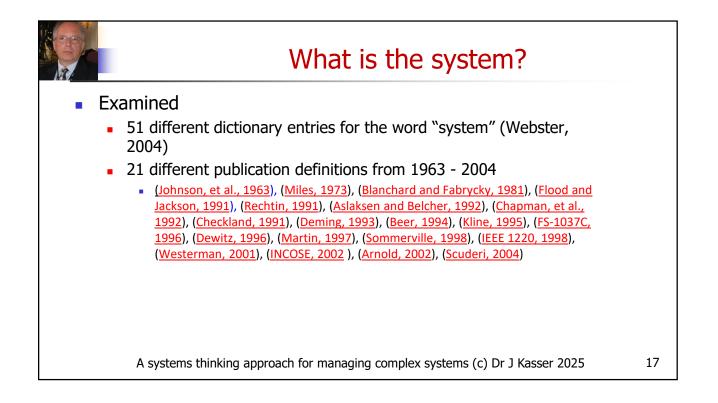


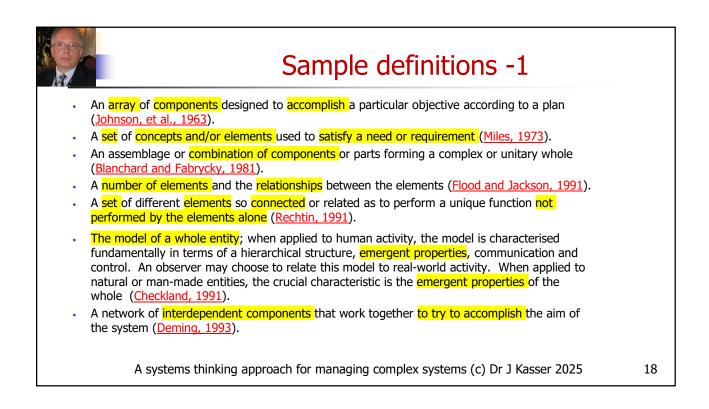


	(Sub)Topics	
1.	The undesirable situation	
	1. The different definitions of a system in the literature	
	2. There is no consensus on "what is a system"	
2.	The assumptions	
	There is a valid reason for the different definitions	
3.	The Feasible Conceptual Future Desirable Situation (FCFDS)	
	1. An understanding of the reasons for the different definitions	
	2. There is a consensus on "what is a system"	
4.	The problem (what to do; steps to get to the solution, working backwards)	
	1. Infer the FCFDS	
	2. Understand the context in which the definitions were made	
	3. Look for the common elements in the definitions and specific differences	
	4. Collect a reasonable sample of definitions	
5.	The solution (how the what was done)	
	1. Examine the definitions	
	2. Use critical thinking to infer conclusions	
	A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025	14

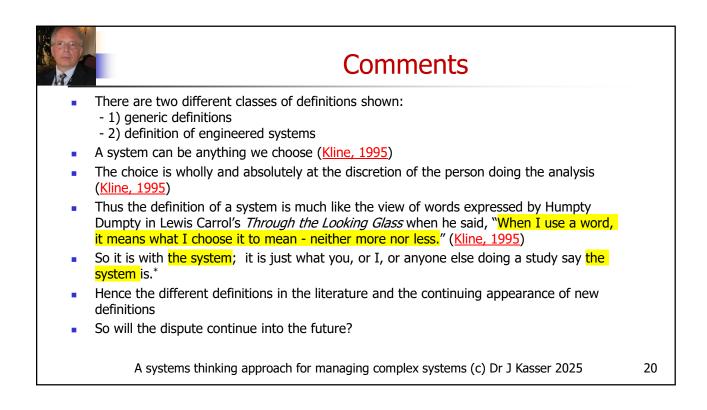


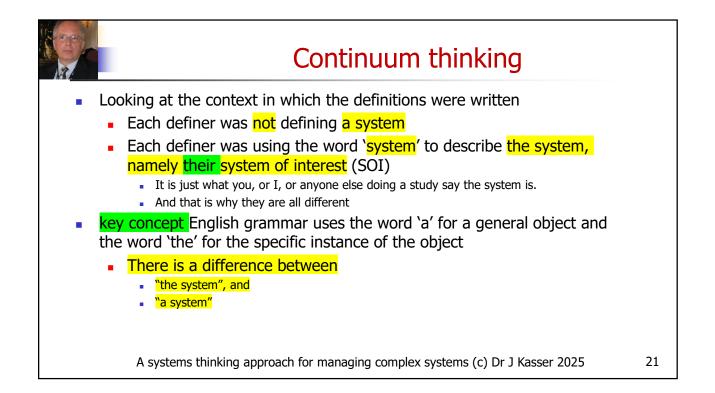


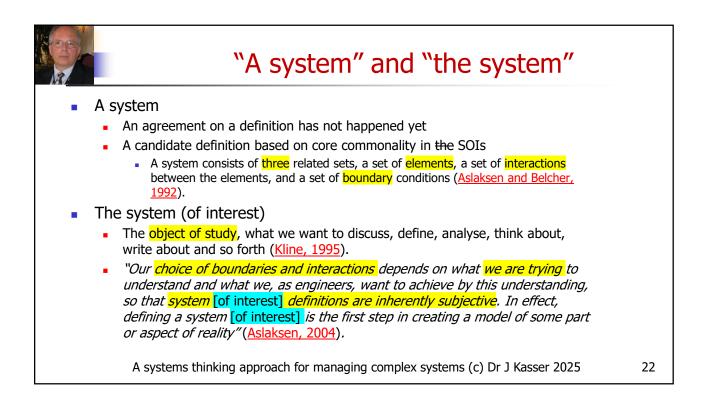


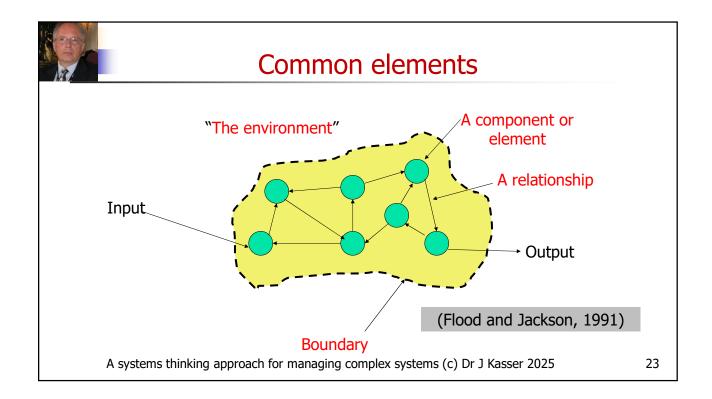


	Sample definitions -2	
•	A group of elements dynamically related in time according to some coherent pattern (<u>Beer,</u> <u>1994</u> page 7).	
	A set of integrated end products and their enabling products (Martin, 1997 page 17).	
•	A collection of interrelated components that work together to achieve some objective (Sommerville, 1998 page 24).	
	An <mark>entity</mark> designed to function so as <mark>to achieve</mark> an objective (<u>Westerman, 2001</u> page 5).	
•	An integrated set of elements that accomplish a defined objective (<u>INCOSE, 2002</u>). INCOSE then adds, " <i>People from different engineering disciplines have different perspectives of what a</i> " <i>system" is</i> " (<u>INCOSE, 2002</u>).	
•	A combination of interacting elements organized to achieve one or more stated purposes (<u>Arnold, 2002</u>).	
•	A bounded object which is capable of responding to external stimuli, and in response to external stimuli a system's internal components interact with each other to produce internal and external effects (Scuderi, 2004).	
	A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025	19

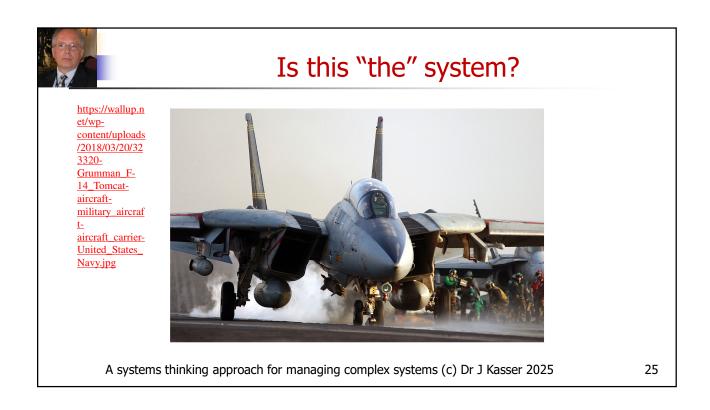


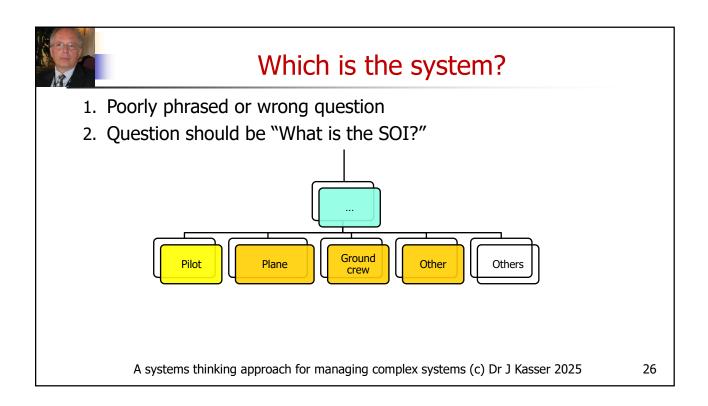


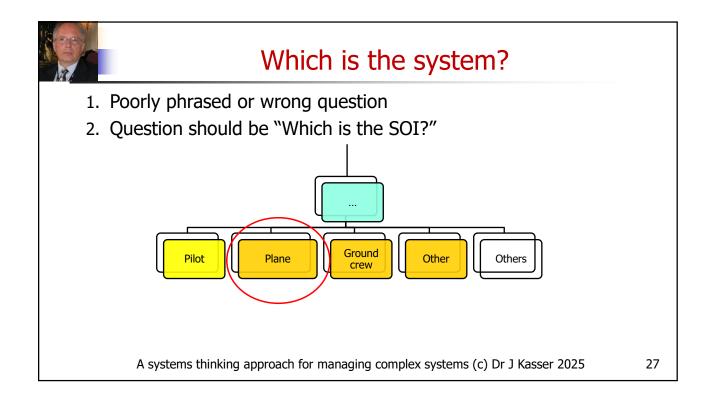


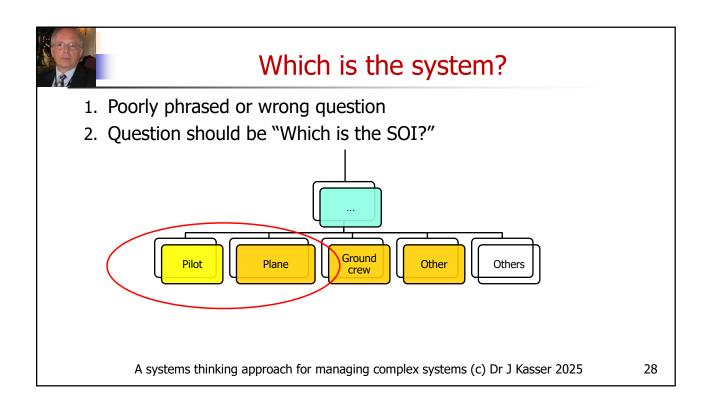


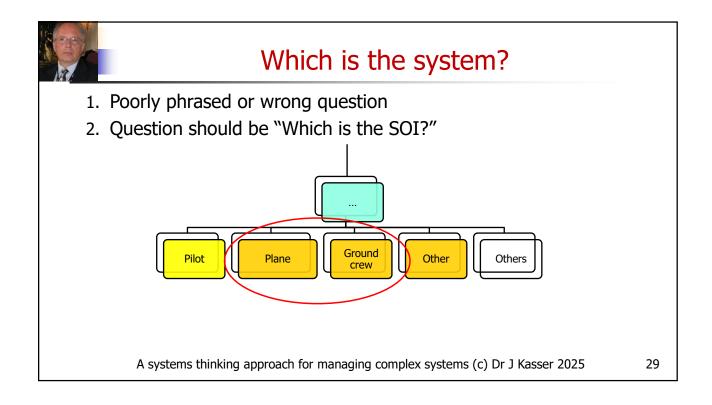


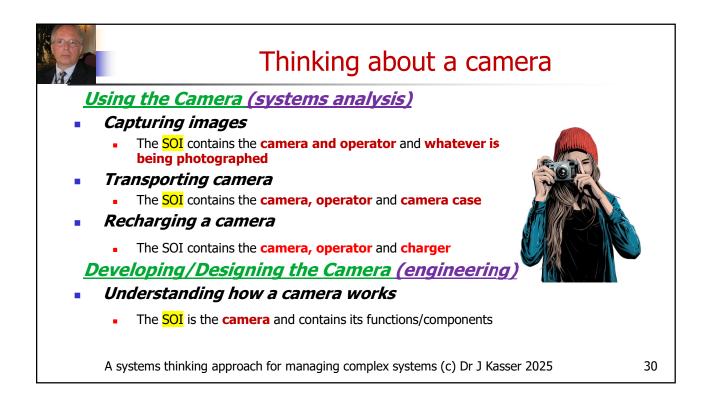


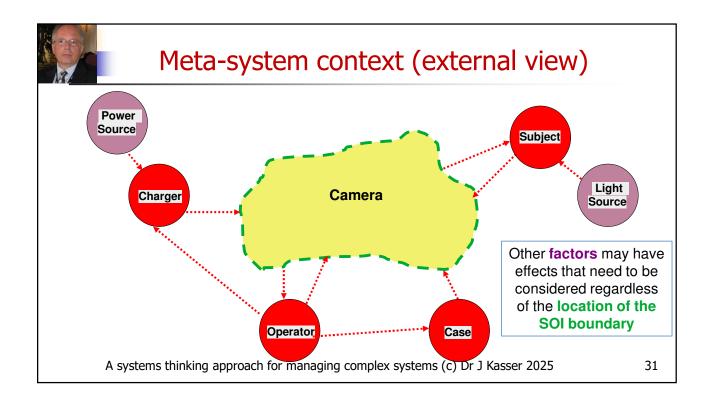


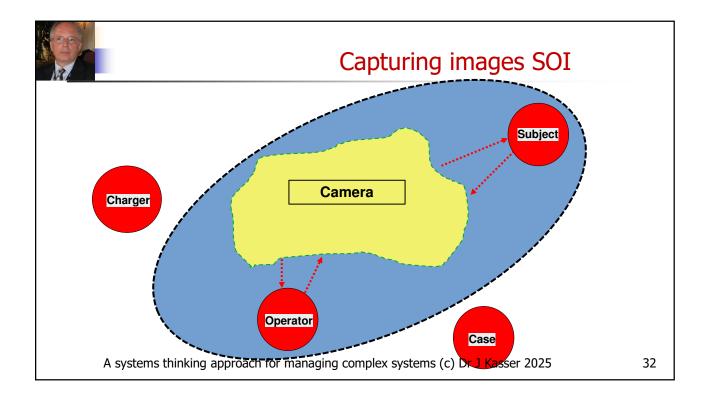


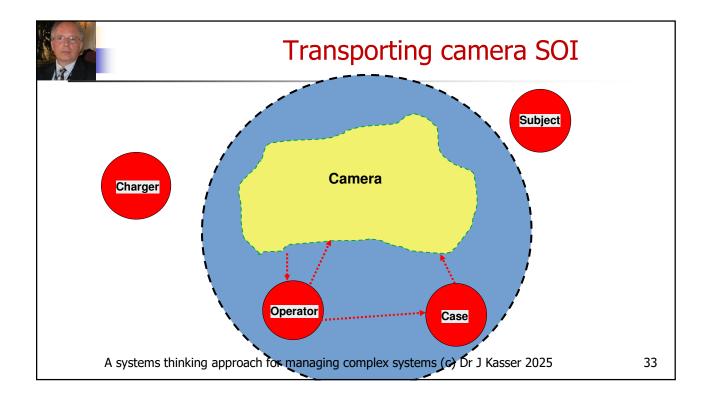


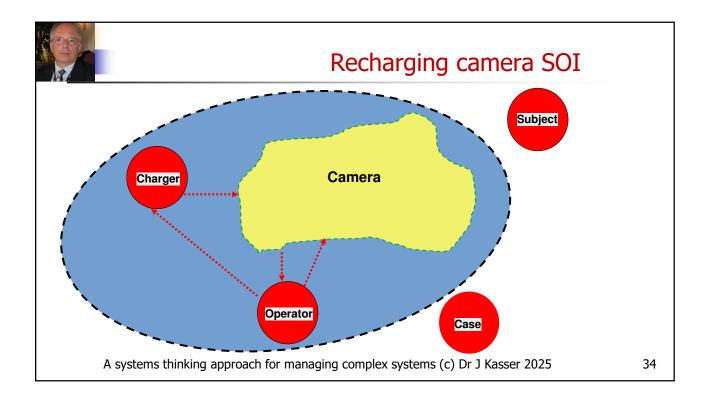


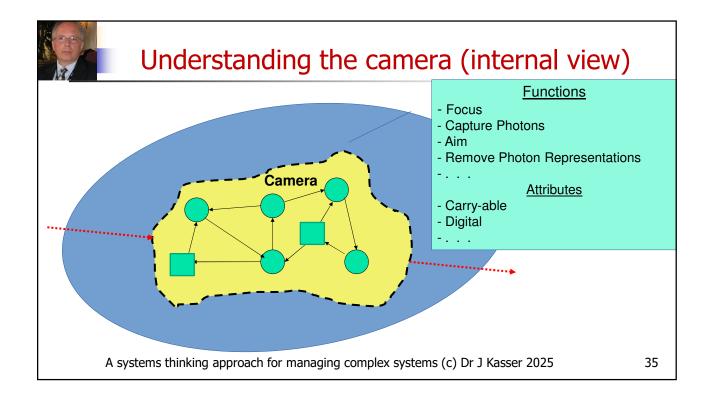


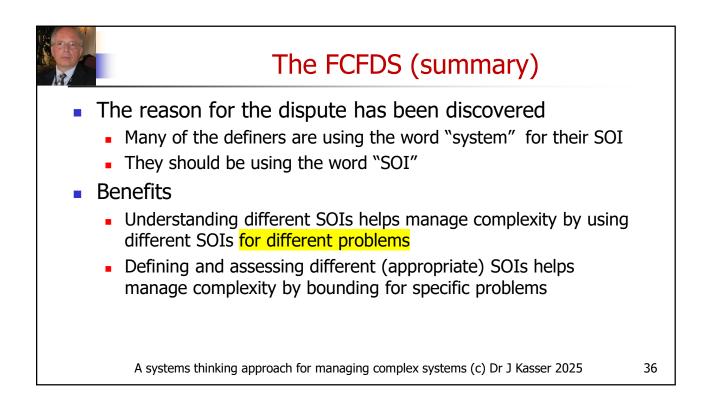


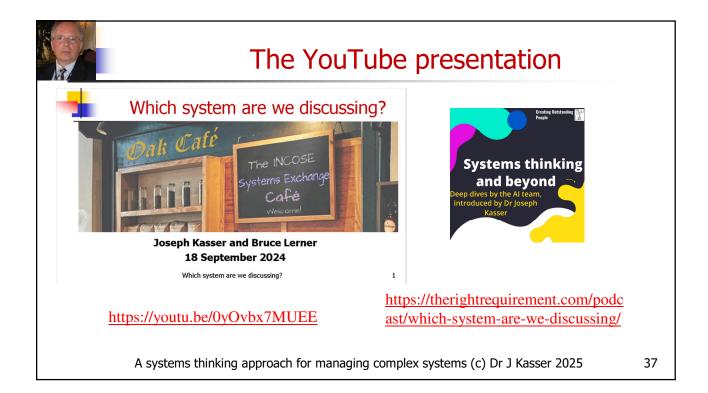




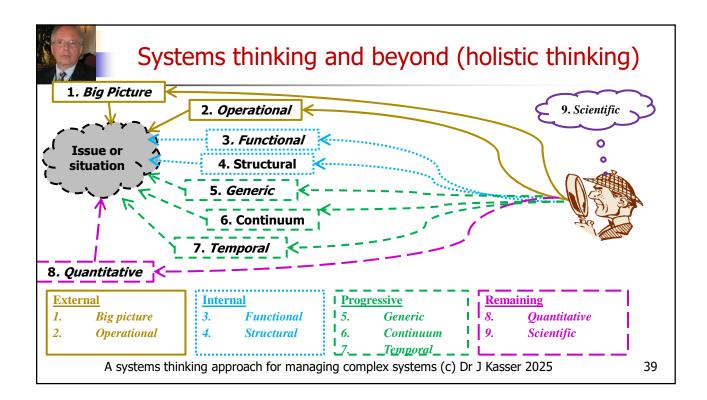








Tools, techniques and templates							
	Tools, techniques and templates	Slide					
1	Compliance Matrix	5	CRC Press				
2	System of Interest (SOI)	13-36	Systems				
3	Holistic Thinking Perspectives		Thinker's Toolbox				
4	Active Brainstorming		Tools for Managing Complexity				
5	Principle of Hierarchies						
6	Continuum of Solutions						
7	Problem Formulation Template						
8	Hitchins-Kasser-Massie-Mabelo Framework (HKM ² F)						
9	Subjective and Objective Complexity						
10	Interface partitioning		Joseph Eli Kasser				
11	Mission and Support Systems Architecture						
12	Three Structures of a Problem (well-, ill- and wicked)						
13	Iterative Problem Solving						
A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025							





- Big picture: where cameras are used and for what purpose
- **Operational:** capturing images, transporting safely, viewing images, adjusting settings, and charging the battery
- Functional: capturing images, storing images, retrieving images, deleting images, battery charging functions, etc.
- Structural: camera body, camera case and charger
- *Generic:* painting, sketching and other image capture methods/devices
- Continuum: different types and models of cameras, different materials used to construct camera
- Temporal: evolution of the image capturing media from photographic plates to film to solid-state memory
- *Quantitative:* numbers pixels per inch, lens characteristics, etc.
- Scientific: depends on problem or issue

A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025



Thinking about a camera

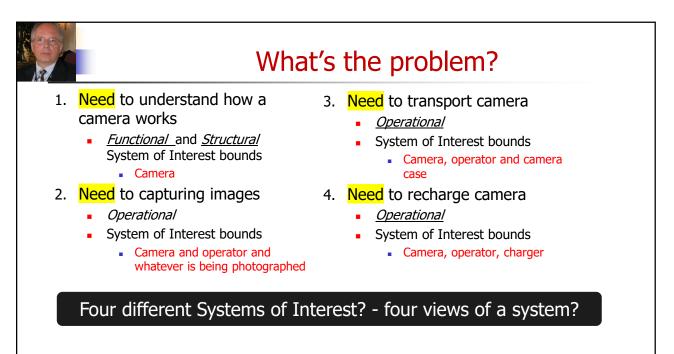
Notice how the system

boundary (System of

Interest) changed

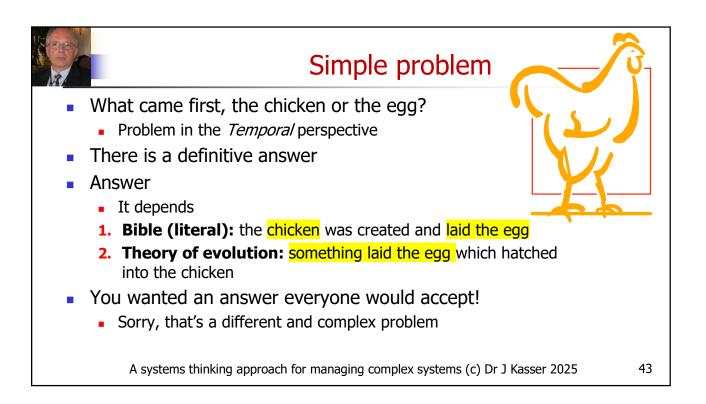
- Understanding how a camera works
 - The Functional and Structural HTPs
 - The System of Interest contains the camera
- Capturing images
 - The Operational HTP
 - The System of Interest contains the **camera and operator** and **whatever is being photographed**
- Transporting camera
 - The Operational HTP
 - The System of Interest contains the camera, operator and camera case
- Recharging a camera
 - The Operational HTP
 - The System of Interest contains the camera, operator and charger

A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025



A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025

42



Tools, techniques and templates								
		Tools, techniques and templates	Slide					
	1	Compliance Matrix	5	CRC Press				
	2	System of Interest (SOI)	13-36	Systems				
	3	Holistic Thinking Perspectives	39-43	Thinker's Toolbox				
	4	Active Brainstorming		Tools for Managing Complexity				
	5	Principle of Hierarchies						
	6	Continuum of Solutions						
	7	Problem Formulation Template						
	8	Hitchins-Kasser-Massie-Mabelo Framework (HKM ² F)						
	9	Subjective and Objective Complexity		in an				
	10	Interface partitioning		Joseph Eli Kasser				
	11	Mission and Support Systems Architecture						
	12	Three Structures of a Problem (well-, ill- and wicked)						
	13	Iterative Problem Solving						
A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025								



Exercise 2 Applying the HTPs

- 1. Perceive INCOSE from the HTPs
- 2. List the ideas that come to mind from each HTP on a sheet of paper
- 3. After the ideas stop flowing, sort the ideas into the HTPs
- 4. Add the ideas from Exercise 1 to the sorted list
- 5. Count the number of ideas generated in exercises 1 and 2
- 6. Create a PowerPoint file for the exercise containing
 - 1. The sorted list of ideas by HTP
 - 2. A completed compliance matrix for the exercise
 - 3. A copy of this slide and the version number of the lesson
- 7. Exceed expectations
- 8. Save file as yourlastname-firstname-2.pptx (e.g., mouse-michael-2.pptx)
- 9. Email file to <u>Beyondsystemsthinking@yahoo.com</u>

A systems thinking approach for managing complex systems (c) Dr J Kasser 2025